

FUL31 Series

User Manual

FY/JC 100 A / O 15/10 V 1.2





CONTENT

Summary ······	1
Principle ······	1
Features	2
Introduction······	2
Installation Guide······	3
Electrical Connection ·······	9
Debugging&Adjustment ·······1	1
Selection Code ·························	4

1. Summary

FUL31 series two wire ultrasonic level gauge Adopt original imported chip, double frequency echo signal The theory integration technology is received in actual use The signal is more stable and reliable. Easy installation and maintenance Applicable to water, acid, alkali, salt, corrosion, high temperature, etc Various fields.

2. Principle

The principle of the ultrasonic level meter is that the ultrasonic pulse emitted by the transducer (probe) is reflected back when it encounters the surface of the medium under test.

Ultrasonic pulse travels at acoustic velocity, and the time interval from transmission to receiving ultrasonic pulse is proportional to the distance from the transducer to the surface of the measured medium. The relation between this distance value S and sound velocity C and transmission time T can be expressed by formula:

$$S=C\times T/2$$

Since the emitted ultrasonic pulse has a certain width, the reflected wave and the transmitted wave are overlapped in a small section near the transducer, which cannot be identified or measured. This area is called the measurement blind area, and the size of the blind area is related to the operating frequency of the ultrasonic level meter.

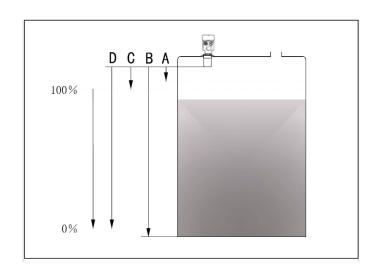
Measure the lower edge of the benchmark interview probe.

A.Blind Area

B.Range

C.Full of material

D.Zero



3. Features

The circuit design selects the high quality power module from the power supply part, and the components choose the imported high stable and reliable components, which can

completely replace the same type of foreign instruments.

The patent acoustic intelligent technology software can carry out intelligent echo analysis without any debugging and other special steps. This technology has the function of dynamic

thinking and dynamic analysis.

We have the patent technology of sound wave intelligence, which greatly improves the

precision of the instrument.

This instrument is a non-contact instrument, which does not contact with the liquid directly,

so the fault rate is low The instrument provides a variety of installation methods, users can

fully calibrate the instrument through this manual.

The input and output line of the meter have lightning protection, over-current and over

voltage protection.

4. Introduction

Industrial level measurement, solid particle measurement, especially in water treatment

industry. Measurement range: standard probe, anti-corrosion seal type,

Liquid $(0.3 \sim 5)$ m liquid $(0.3 \sim 4)$ m

Solid (0.3 ~ 2)m solid (0.3 ~ 1.5)m

Process connection: M66 x 2 or flange

Probe material: PVDF or PTFE

Shell material: cast aluminum

Process temperature: (40 ~ 70 °C)

Process pressure: -0.02 ~ 0.1MPa

Precision: + / - 10mm (full range)

Signal output :4 ~ 20mA, 4 ~ 20mA/HART

Power source: two - wire 24V DC

Four-wire 24V DC/220V AC

Explosion-proof grade: Ex-d II C T4 Gb

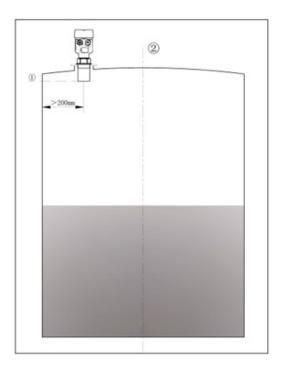
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5. Installation Guide

5.1 Installation location Installation of 5 meters and 10 meters

ultrasonic waveWhen installed, keep
the gauge at least 200mm away fromthe container wall.
It is recommended to be larger than 500mm.

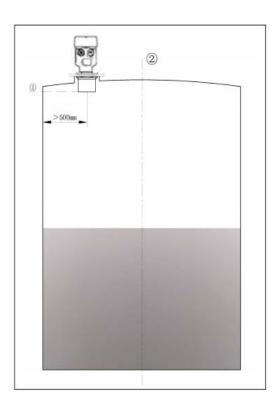
- ①Lower edge of sensor (acoustic emission surface)
- ②Enter the center line of the storage tank



• Installation of 10 m ultrasonic

When installing, keep the meter at least 500mm away from the container wall.

- ①Lower edge of sensor (acoustic emission surface)
- ②Enter the center line of the storage tank



5.2 Installation

• Installation requirement

The instrument must be kept at a certain distance from the tank wall (see 3.1 installation location for details)

When a transducer emits an ultrasonic pulse, it has a certain beam Angle.From the lower edge of the transducer to the surface of the measured medium, in the area radiated by the ultrasonic beam, try to avoid obstacles A and B;

Such as: ladder, location switch, heating coil, diversion trough and so on.

Note that the ultrasonic wave must not intersect the feed flow.

The highest material level shall not enter the measurement blind area when installing the instrument.

The instrument should be installed so that the transmitter direction of the transducer is perpendicular to the liquid level.

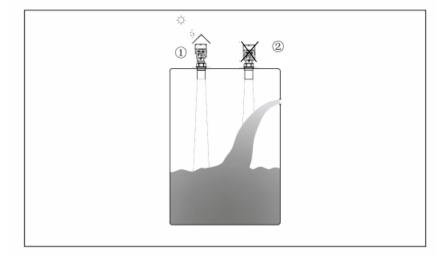
The instruments installed in the explosion-proof area must comply with the national regulations on the installation of explosion-proof dangerous area. The shell of benan type is made of aluminum. This instrument can be installed on the occasions where explosion protection is required. The instrument must be connected to the earth.

• Typical installation error

Do not install the instrument above the feed inlet, the real liquid level can not be measured. At the same time attention: outdoor installation should be taken sun, rainproof

measures.

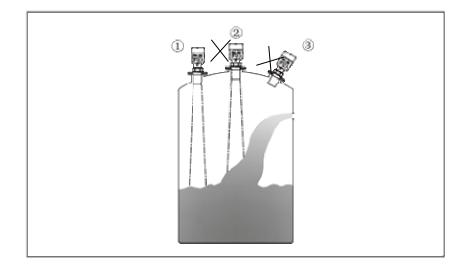
- (1) correct
- (2) error



The transducer should be perpendicular to the surface of the medium under test;

The meter should not be installed in the middle of the top of the arch to avoid multiple reflections

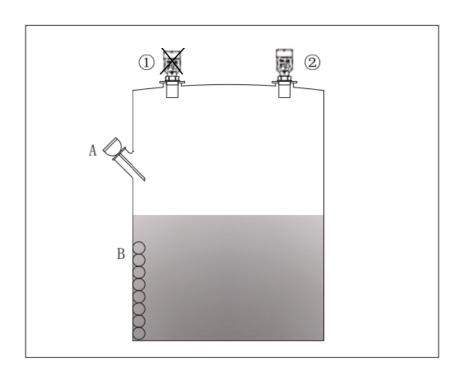
- ① Correct
- ② Error
- 3 Error



When the instrument is installed, it should avoid obstacles A and B

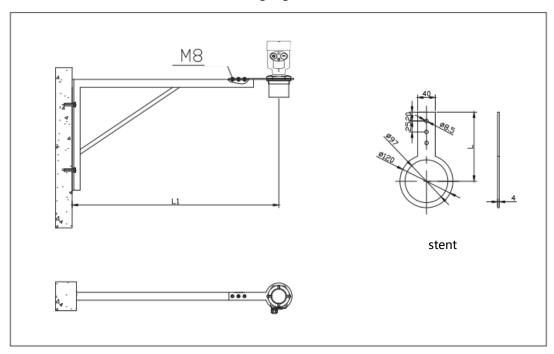


② Correct



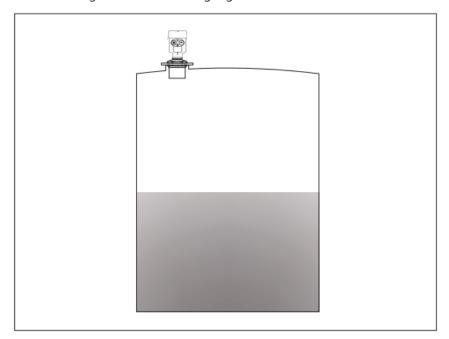
• Bracket installation

The installation of an ultrasonic level gauge.



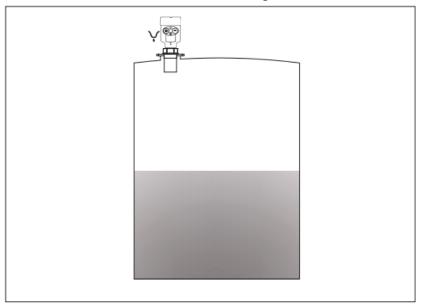
• Flanged Installation

Installation of flanged ultrasonic level gauge.



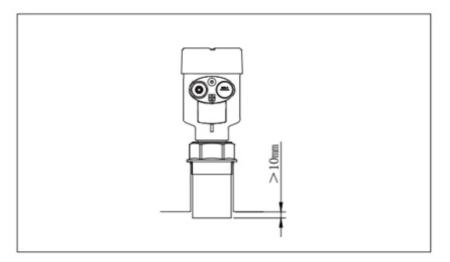
• Moistureproof

For installation outside or in a damp chamber, tighten the cable seal sleeve and bend the cable downward into a u-bend at the inlet. As shown in the figure:



Container nozzle

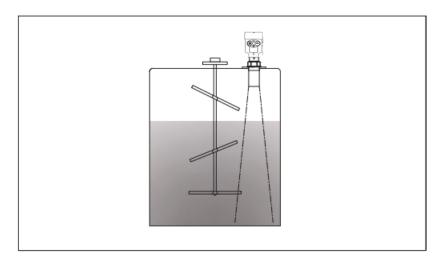
Length of container nozzles: the probe must be kept at least 10mm out of the nozzles.



• Foam

As a result of feeding, stirring, or other processes in the container, foam can form on the surface of some liquid media, attenuating the emission signal. If the foam causes measurement error, the sensor should be installed in the waveguide tube or the radar level gauge should be used. The radar level gauge is not affected by foam and is the best choice for this application.

When there is stirring in the tank, the instrument should be installed as far as possible away from the mixer. If foam or upturned waves are generated by agitation, the waveguide installation shall be used.

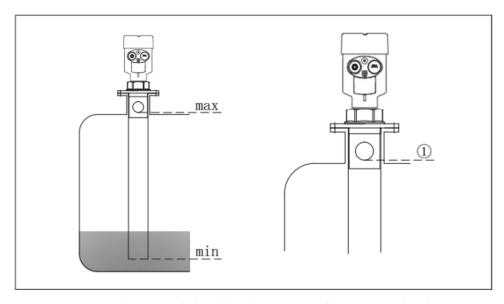


• The air current

If there is a strong air flow in the container, for example, outdoor installation, which is very windy, or air turbulence inside the container, it is recommended to install the sensor in the waveguide tube, or use the pulsar level gauge or the waveguide radar level gauge.

• Waveguides installation

The diameter of the through air hole (5-10) mm is used to install the guide pipe (guide pipe or bypass pipe), which can avoid the influence of obstructions, foam and air eddy current in the container on the measurement.



Note: the material should not be measured by waveguide tube.

6. Electrical Connection

• Power Supply Mode

4~20mA/HART (two-wire) power supply and output current signal share one two-core cable. Please refer to the technical data for the specific power supply voltage range. A safety grid shall be added between the power supply and the meter for the native ampere type.

4~20mA/HART (four-wire) power supply and current signal respectively use one two-core cable.Please refer to the technical data for the specific power supply voltage range.

The current output of standard instrument can be grounded. The current output of explosion-proof instrument must be floating output. Instrument and earthing terminals shall be well grounded and shall normally be grounded to the tank's earthing point and, in the case of plastic tanks, to the adjacent ground.

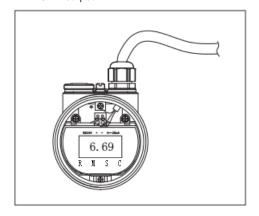
• Cable installation

Generally speaking, the power supply cable can be used with two core cables. The outer diameter of the cable should be (5~9) mm to ensure the sealing of the cable inlet.If electromagnetic presence exists, shield cable is recommended.Shielding cables shall be used for power supply cables of 4-20ma /HART (two-wire system), and both ends of shielding cables of 4-20ma /HART (four-wire system) shall be connected.Inside the sensor, the shield must be connected directly to the internal grounding terminal.External grounding terminals on the enclosure must be connected to the earth.If there is a ground current, the shielded end of the shield cable away from the instrument side must be grounded through a ceramic capacitance (e.g. 1nF 1500V) to isolate and bypass high frequency signals.

• Connection mode

Two-wire

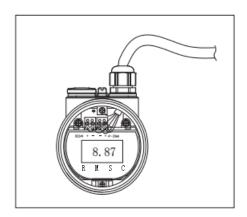
Used for HART two-wire power supply and signal output 24V DC power supply, 4~20mA output



Four-wire

220V AC/50Hz or 24V DC power supply,

4 ~ 20 ma output



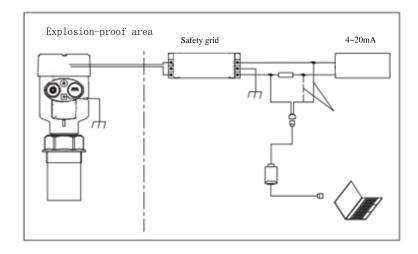
• Explosion-proof connection

This product explosion-proof marks: Exd Π C T4 Gb. The ultrasonic level meter is made of aluminum casing material, and the internal structure is sealed with glue, so as to ensure that the spark generated by the fault of transducer and circuit will not be released. Product is suitable for Exd Π T4 Gb explosive-proof grade below C level continuous measurement of flammable medium.

The product shall be powered by safety grid when used in explosion - proof situation.

All cables should be screened with a maximum length of 600m.Distribution capacitance is no more than 0.1x F/km and distribution inductance is no more than 1mH/km.When the ultrasonic

level gauge is installed, it must connect the earth.



7、Debugging&Adjustment

Method

Three methods: 1.Adjust the dial button

2. PC software debugging

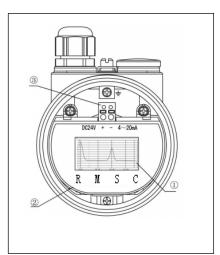
3.HART Handheld programmer debugging

1. Adjust the dial button

The instrument is debugged by four keys on the meter head.

After completion of debugging general only for the field display.

- (1)LCD
- (2) button
- (3)Wire terminal

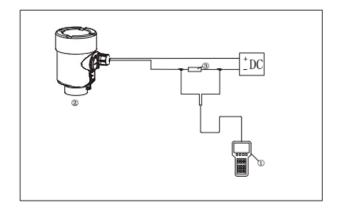


2. PC software debugging

Connect the upper computer through HART

- (1) the USB interface
- (2) header
- (3) the HART adapter
- (4) 250 Ω resistance

- DC
- **3.** HART Handheld programmer debugging Program with HART handheld programmer
- (1)Switch handheld programmer
- (2) header
- (3) 250 Ω resistance



Technical Parameter

• General Data

Process Connection

-connection 5m thread M66 \times 2 -connection 10m thread M66 \times 2

-connection 15m bracket or flange

Material

-Transducer PA66+GF30
-Transducer seal silica gel
-Shell aluminum

-Shell seal silicone rubber-Upper window Polycarbonate-Ground terminal stainless steal

Weight

-5m&10m 2kg (Depends on the process connection)
-15m 6kg (Depends on the process connection)

• Supply Voltage

Two-wire type Standard 16~36V DC

Intrinsic safety 21.5~26.5V DC

Power max.22.5mA

limited wave

-<100Hz Uss<1V -(100~100k)Hz Uss<10mV

Four-wire type Standard 24V DC/220V AC

Power max.1VA , 1W

• Cable Parameter

Cable inlet/plug

2 G1/2 Cable inlet (cable diameter 5...9mm),

The spring terminals are used for the conductor cross section 2.5mm squared

• Output Parameter

Output signal 4~20mA

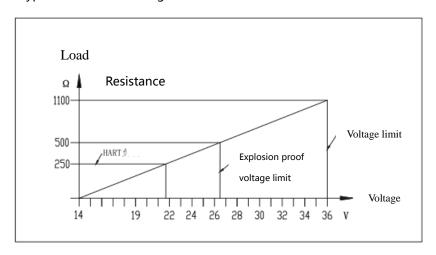
4~20mA/HART

Resolution 1.6µA

Fault output 20.5mA; 22mA; 3.9mA

Damping time 0-30s , adjustable

•Two-wire type load resistance diagram.



Feature Blind Area

5m 0.4m 10m 0.4m 15m 0.4m

Ultrasonic Frequency

 5m
 50kHz

 10m
 40kHz

 15m
 28kHz

Adjustment Interval >2s (Depends on the parameters)
Setting time >3s (Depends on the parameters)

Launching angle

5m/10m5°15m3°Resolution1mm

Repeatability ±3mm

Accuracy ±0.5% (Full Range)

The process temperature -40~70°C

Relative Humidity <95%

Pressure <0.1MPa

Vibration Resistance mechanical shock 10m/s

8. Selection Code

Sensor code							Transmitter code						Description
FUL31	-X	Χ	-X	Х	Х	-X	Χ	Χ	Χ	-X	Χ	-X	—Range (M)
	-L												Low frequency level meter
Туре	-H												High frequency level meter
Туре	-C												Lever difference sensor
	-0												Open Channel Flowmeter
EX type		_											Standard form
LX type		Ex											CT4
-S												ABS	
The probe materia -F									PTFE				
The probe	A										Single Probe		
The probe	The probe number B									Double Probe (Liquid level gauge only)			
grado					Α								IP65
grade								IP67					
Structure						-Y							integral
- Structure													Split-type
Supply power									220V AC				
Supply power							2		ı				24V DC
Output inval										4~20MA			
Output signal 2									Switching value				
								•	0				
Communication output 1								RS485					
									2				HART
Electrical interface -M -G									M20*1.5				
									G1/2"				
Accuracy class									±10mm				
Accuracy class B								±5mm					
Accessory										flange , bracket, signal wire (m)			

Illustration

Model: FUL31-H-SAA-Y210-GA-5M

High frequency ultrasonic level meter, probe: 1 ABS plastic, protection grade: IP65, integral structure, power supply: 24V DC, 4-20ma signal output, electrical interface: M20*1.5, precision: ± 10 mm, PP flange with DN80 and L bracket



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